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|  | Preparation: *Summary of “to do’s” that the teacher should understand and prepare before bringing this lesson to the classroom.* | | | |
| **Information:**  Before starting this exercise, students should have an understanding of material covered in:     * Videos and Presentations in Content Knowledge section     Teachers will need to ensure that the proper supplies are available for students to build their solutions.    **Materials:**   * See supply list in the Electronics/Coding unit on the Stem site | | | | |
|  | Safety: *Summary of safety strategies in the lesson.* | | | |
| Shock: Students will be working with electricity. Extra care should be observed when working with electricity. | | | | |
|  | Desired Results: | | | |
| Established Goals: | |  | Transfer: | |
| *Problem Solving Techniques and Applications Standards:*  Teachers should use the STEM Academy Standards Correlation System available in the STEM Connections area of a unit to extract specific standards and insert these standards here. | | *Students will be able to independently use their learning to…*   * Become familiar with the Arduino board and associated components to learn the basics of computer science in order to use the tools to solve more complex problems. | |
| Meaning: | |
| Understandings  *Students will understand that...*   * Microcontrollers are used for many different purposes * Designs can incorporate microcontrollers to assist in solving problems | Essential Questions  *Students will keep considering...*   * What other types of circuits and microcontrollers exist; * What other characteristics a microcontroller should have |
| Acquisition OF KNOWLEDGE AND SKILL: | |
| *Students will know...*   * Program a LED to turn on or blink when using an ultrasonic distance sensor | *Students will be skilled at...*   * Proper handling and assembling of electrical components * Proper programming of microcontrollers |
|  | Evidence: | | | |
| Evaluative Criteria: | |  | Assessment Evidence: | |
| * Circuit constructed correctly * Program uploaded correctly * Program executed | | | *Performance Task(s):*  Students will be assigned a series of experiments to complete in order to demonstrate their learning.  These exercises are:     1. Program a LED to turn on when an object is closer than 25 cm to the sensor and turn off when it is further than 25 cm. 2. Program a LED to blink faster as an object gets closer to the ultrasonic distance sensor. When the object is further than 50cm, the LED should be off. As the object moves from 49cm to 21cm the LED should blink at an increasing rate. When the object is closer than 20cm the LED should stay on. | |
| *Other Evidence:*   * Activities * Online Quiz | |
|  | Learning Plan: *Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction* | | | |
| **Outline:**     1. Set Introduction   Thanks to its simple and accessible user experience, Arduino has been used in thousands of different projects and applications.  Teachers and students use it to build low-cost scientific instruments, to prove chemistry and physics principles, or to get started with programming and robotics. Designers and architects build interactive prototypes, musicians and artists use it for installations and to experiment with new musical instruments.   1. Activities   Program a LED to turn on when an object is closer than 25 cm to the sensor and turn off when it is further than 25 cm.  Program a LED to blink faster as an object gets closer to the ultrasonic distance sensor. When the object is further than 50cm, the LED should be off. As the object moves from 49cm to 21cm the LED should blink at an increasing rate. When the object is closer than 20cm the LED should stay on.   1. Student Questions   Make yourself available for any questions any of your students may have.   1. Quiz   At the conclusion of the activity have your students complete the corresponding online quiz      **Progress Monitoring:**   * The instructor will need to monitor the classroom, checking student’s work and ensuring students are on task and following directions. * Ensure students store their projects at the end of class and leave all materials in the room. * At the end of the activity, post student projects in the room and provide appropriate feedback. | | | | |
|  | Differentiation: *Summary of Key Differentiation Techniques* | | | |
| Please use this space to insert your differentiation techniques. Depending on the needs of students, various techniques might be needed in a classroom, therefore use the information below and experts in the area needed to design your plan for differentiation.  The ASCD Study Guide for Integrating Differentiated Instruction and Understating by Design: Connecting Content and Kids.  by Carol Ann Tomlinson, Jay McTighe    Integrating Differentiated Instruction and Understating by Design: Connecting Content and Kids.  by Carol Ann Tomlinson, Jay McTighe  ISBN-13: 978-1416602842  ISBN-10: 1416602844    Differentiating Reading Instruction  *by Laura Robb.*  ISBN13: 9780545022989    A Teacher's Guide to Differentiating Instruction  The Center for Comprehensive School Reform and Improvement | | | | |

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|  | career Connections: *Summary of Career Opportunities Associated with this Lesson* |
| Good sources for career connections:  Occupational Outlook Handbook  <http://www.bls.gov/ooh>  The National Career Clusters® Framework  <http://www.careertech.org/career-clusters> | |
|  | Keywords: *Please Insert Keywords from this Lesson with their Definitions* |
| Digital Pins: How the pins work and what it means for them to be configured as inputs or outputs.    Analog Input Pins: Details about the analog-to-digital conversion and other uses of the pins.    PWM: How the analogWrite() function simulates an analog output using pulse-width modulation.    Memory: The various types of memory available on the Arduino board.    Use resources like [dictionary.com](http://dictionary.reference.com/) to find definitions to your keywords | |