

Name:	
Period:	

# UNIT: MEASUREMENT

# MATERIAL DETECTIVE

#### GOAL:

Use tools and tests to investigate thickness, magnetism, and electrical conductivity of different materials. Learn how physical properties help us choose the right material for a job!

#### **MATERIALS:**

- ✓ Ruler or caliper
- ✓ Samples: metal, plastic, wood, paper (labeled or numbered)
- ✓ Magnet
- ✓ Multimeter (set to continuity or resistance mode)

#### STUDENT DIRECTIONS:

#### Step 1: Measure the Thickness

- 1. Use a **ruler or caliper** to measure how thick each material sample is (in **mm or cm**).
- 2. Record it in your chart.

#### **Step 2: Test Magnetism**

- 1. Gently touch the magnet to each material sample.
- 2. Does the sample stick to the magnet?
  - Check the box: ☐ Yes or ☐ No

#### **Step 3: Test Electrical Conductivity**

- 1. Turn the **multimeter** to continuity mode (or resistance, if instructed).
- 2. Touch the two probes to opposite sides of the sample.
- 3. Watch the screen or listen for a beep:
  - o Beep or low number? ✓ It conducts electricity
  - No beep or high number? X It does NOT conduct



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### **Record Your Findings:**

Material	Thickness (cm or mm)	Magnetic?	<b>Conducts Electricity?</b>
Metal		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
Plastic		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
Wood		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
Paper		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No

#### Think & Reflect:

vviiic	ch materials might be most useful in building a circuit or structure? Why?	
How	does knowing the physical properties of a material help engineers?	

## **Challenge Question (Wrap-Up):**

•	Imagine you're designing a race track or a robotic arm. How would accurate measurement help
	you? How does energy or mass affect how it works?

#### STANDARDS ALIGNMENT

NGSS: MS-PS1-2, 2-PS1-1 STEL: STEL 3E, STEL 4E, STEL 5F, STEL 6E, STEL 7F CCSS: CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.6.SP.B.4, CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.6.RP.A.3, CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.7.EE.B.3, CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP5, CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP6